



NatWest
Group

Coutts & Company

Q1 2024 Pillar 3

Contents	Page
Forward-looking statements	3
Presentation of information	4
Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets	
Coutts & Company - Key points	5
UK KM1: Key metrics	6
IFRS 9-FL: Comparison of institutions' own funds and capital and leverage ratios with and without the application of transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 or analogous ECL	7

Forward-looking statements

This document may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, such as statements that include, without limitation, the words 'expect', 'estimate', 'project', 'anticipate', 'commit', 'believe', 'should', 'intend', 'will', 'plan', 'could', 'probability', 'risk', 'Value-at-Risk (VaR)', 'target', 'goal', 'objective', 'may', 'endeavour', 'outlook', 'optimistic', 'prospects' and similar expressions or variations on these expressions. These statements concern or may affect future matters, such as Coutts & Co's future economic results, business plans and strategies. In particular, this document may include forward-looking statements relating to Coutts & Co in respect of, but not limited to: credit risk, capital, liquidity and funding risk, non-traded market risk, compliance and conduct risk, financial crime risk, climate risk, operational risk, model risk, and reputational risk. Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that might cause actual results and performance to differ materially from any expected future results or performance expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to differences in current expectations include, but are not limited to, the outcome of legal, regulatory and governmental actions and investigations, the level and extent of future impairments and write-downs, legislative, political, fiscal and regulatory developments, accounting standards, competitive conditions, technological developments, interest and exchange rate fluctuations, general economic and political conditions, the impact of climate related risks and the transitioning to a net zero economy. These and other factors, risks and uncertainties that may impact any forward-looking statement or Coutts & Co's actual results are discussed in Natwest Group plc's 2023 Annual Report and Accounts (ARA), and other public filings. The forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and Coutts & Co does not assume or undertake any obligation or responsibility to update any of the forward-looking statements contained in this document, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except to the extent legally required.

Presentation of information

This document presents the consolidated Pillar 3 disclosures for Coutts & Company (Coutts & Co) as at 31 March 2024. It should be read in conjunction with the Q1 2024 NatWest Holdings Group Pillar 3 report, which is published in the same location at: investors.natwestgroup.com/reports-archive/2024

Coutts & Co is incorporated in the United Kingdom and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of NatWest Holdings Limited ('NWH Ltd'). NatWest Group plc is 'the ultimate holding company'. The term 'NatWest Group' refers to NatWest Group plc and its subsidiary and associated undertakings.

Based on the criteria set out in the UK CRR, NatWest Group primarily defines its large subsidiaries in scope of PRA Pillar 3 disclosures as those designated as an Other Systemically Important Institution (O-SII) by the PRA or those with total assets equal to or greater than €30 billion.

Coutts & Co as a large, non-listed subsidiary of NatWest Group, is subject to a reduced number of disclosures as set out in the PRA Rulebook.

The disclosures for Coutts & Co are calculated in accordance with the UK CRR (split across primary legislation and the PRA Rulebook) and completed in accordance with the Disclosure (CRR) part of the PRA Rulebook.

The liquidity disclosures completed at UK Domestic Liquidity Subgroup (UK DoLSub) level are published in the NatWest Holdings Group Pillar 3 report. The UK DoLSub waiver allows NWB Plc, RBS plc and Coutts & Co to manage liquidity and funding as a single sub-group rather than at an entity level.

Within this document, row and column references are based on those prescribed in the PRA templates. The IFRS 9-FL disclosures have been prepared using the uniform format published by the EBA.

In this report, in line with the regulatory framework, the term credit risk excludes counterparty credit risk, unless specifically indicated otherwise.

The Pillar 3 disclosures are presented in pounds sterling (£) and have not been subject to external audit.

For definitions of term, refer to the Glossary and Acronyms document available on investors.natwestgroup.com/reports-archive/2023.

Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets

Coutts & Company - Key points

CET1 ratio

11.2%

(Q4 2023 – 11.3%)

The CET1 ratio decreased by 10 basis points to 11.2% mainly due to a £0.1 billion increase in RWAs while CET1 capital remained static during the period.

RWAs

£10.7bn

(Q4 2023 - £10.6bn)

Total RWAs increased by £0.1 billion to £10.7 billion, primarily reflecting an increase in operational RWAs following the annual recalculation and higher income compared to 2020.

UK leverage ratio

7.5%

(Q4 2023 – 7.4%)

The leverage ratio increased by 10 basis points to 7.5% mainly due to a £0.3 billion decrease in the leverage exposure while the Tier 1 capital remained static during the period. The key driver in the leverage exposure was a decrease in loans to customers.

Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets continued

UK KM1: Key metrics

The table below provides a summary of the main prudential regulation ratios and measures. Coutts & Co has elected to take advantage of the IFRS 9 transitional capital rules in respect of ECL provisions. The revised transition amendments will maintain a CET1 add-back of relevant ECL provisions until 31 December 2024.

	31 March 2024	31 December 2023	30 September 2023	30 June 2023	31 March 2023
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Available own funds (amounts)					
1 Common equity tier 1 (CET1) capital	1,192	1,199	1,250	1,235	1,253
2 Tier 1 capital	1,432	1,439	1,525	1,510	1,528
3 Total capital	1,732	1,739	1,870	1,855	1,873
Risk-weighted exposure amounts					
4 Total risk-weighted exposure amount	10,661	10,591	10,945	10,937	10,926
Capital ratios (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amount)					
5 Common equity tier 1 ratio (%)	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.5
6 Tier 1 ratio (%)	13.4	13.6	13.9	13.8	14.0
7 Total capital ratio (%)	16.2	16.4	17.1	17.0	17.1
Additional own funds requirements based on SREP (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amount)					
UK 7a Additional CET1 SREP requirements (%)	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4
UK 7b Additional AT1 SREP requirements (%)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
UK 7c Additional Tier 2 SREP requirements (%)	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
UK 7d Total SREP own funds requirements (%)	10.7	10.7	10.5	10.5	10.5
Combined buffer requirement (as a percentage of risk-weighted exposure amount)					
8 Capital conservation buffer (%)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5
9 Institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (%) (1)	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.0	1.0
11 Combined buffer requirement (%)	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.5	3.5
UK 11a Overall capital requirements (%)	15.1	15.1	14.9	14.0	14.0
12 CET1 available after meeting the total SREP own funds requirements (%)	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.6
Leverage ratio					
13 Total exposure measure excluding claims on central banks	19,085	19,358	19,677	19,988	20,068
14 Leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)	7.5	7.4	7.8	7.6	7.6
Additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements (2)					
UK 14a Fully loaded ECL accounting model leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14b Leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14c Average leverage ratio excluding claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14d Average leverage ratio including claims on central banks (%)					
UK 14e Countercyclical leverage ratio buffer (%)					
Liquidity coverage ratio (3)					
15 Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) (weighted value-average)					
UK 16a Cash outflows - Total weighted value					
UK 16b Cash inflows - Total weighted value					
16 Total net cash outflows (adjusted value)					
17 Liquidity coverage ratio (%)					
Net stable funding ratio (3)					
18 Total available stable funding					
19 Total required stable funding					
20 NSFR ratio (%)					

- (1) The institution specific countercyclical capital buffer (CCyB) requirement is based on the weighted average of the buffer rates in effect for the countries in which institutions have exposures. The UK CCyB rate is currently being maintained at 2%.
- (2) Coutts & Co is not an LREQ firm therefore not subject to the additional leverage ratio disclosure requirements.
- (3) Under the UK DoLSub waiver Coutts & Co liquidity and funding is managed and disclosed at the sub-group level rather than entity level.
- (4) The following rows are not presented in the table above as not applicable values: UK8a, UK9a, 10 and UK10a.

Annex I: Key metrics and overview of risk-weighted assets continued

IFRS 9-FL: Comparison of institutions' own funds and capital and leverage ratios with and without the application of transitional arrangements for IFRS 9 or analogous ECL

The table below shows key prudential regulation ratios and measures with and without the application of IFRS 9 transitional relief. Coutts & Co has elected to take advantage of the transitional capital rules in respect of ECL provisions. Following the adoption of IFRS 9 from 1 January 2018, the CRR introduced transitional rules to phase in the full CET1 effect over a five-year period. The revised transitional amendments will maintain a CET1 add-back of relevant ECL provisions until 31 December 2024. Capital measures in this table are presented in line with table UK KM1.

	31 March 2024 £m	31 December 2023 £m	30 September 2023 £m	30 June 2023 £m	31 March 2023 £m
Available capital (amounts) - transitional					
1 Common equity tier 1	1,192	1,199	1,250	1,235	1,253
2 Common equity tier 1 capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	1,184	1,179	1,234	1,216	1,231
3 Tier 1 capital	1,432	1,439	1,525	1,510	1,528
4 Tier 1 capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	1,424	1,419	1,509	1,491	1,506
5 Total capital	1,732	1,739	1,870	1,855	1,873
6 Total capital as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	1,724	1,719	1,854	1,836	1,851
Risk-weighted assets (amounts)					
7 Total risk-weighted assets	10,661	10,591	10,945	10,937	10,926
8 Total risk-weighted assets as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	10,653	10,571	10,929	10,918	10,903
Capital ratios					
	%	%	%	%	%
9 Common equity tier 1 ratio	11.2	11.3	11.4	11.3	11.5
10 Common equity tier 1 ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.1	11.3
11 Tier 1 ratio	13.4	13.6	13.9	13.8	14.0
12 Tier 1 ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	13.4	13.4	13.8	13.7	13.8
13 Total capital ratio	16.2	16.4	17.1	17.0	17.1
14 Total capital ratio as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	16.2	16.3	17.0	16.8	17.0
Leverage ratio					
15 Leverage ratio exposure measure (£m)	19,085	19,358	19,677	19,988	20,068
16 Leverage ratio (%)	7.5	7.4	7.8	7.6	7.6
17 Leverage ratio (%) as if IFRS 9 transitional arrangements had not been applied	7.5	7.3	7.7	7.5	7.5